## Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Course Code: UEC 301; Course Name: Analog Electronic Circuits B.E (ECE/ENC) (IV-Sem), "Tutorial Sheet No. - 6"

- Q1. With  $g_m = 50$ mA/V,  $r_{b'e} = 1$ K,  $C_e = 1$  pF and  $C_c = 0.2$  pF, determine the values of  $f_\beta$  and  $f_T$ .
- Q2. The following low frequency parameters are known for a given transistor at room temperature (300 K) at  $I_c = 10$  mA and  $V_{CE} = 8$  volts:  $h_{ie} = 500 \Omega$ ,  $h_{oe} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \mu$ S,  $h_{fe} = 100$  and  $h_{re} = 10^{-4}$ . At the same operating point,  $f_T = 50$  MHz and  $C_{ob} (= C_c) = 3$  pF. Calculate the values of hybrid  $\pi$  parameters.
- Q3. The following results were obtained on transistor measurements made at  $I_c = 8$  mA,  $V_{CE} = 10$  volts and at room temperature (300 K):  $h_{fe} = 100$ ,  $h_{ie} = 800 \Omega$ , short circuit current gain  $A_{IS} = 14$  at 8 MHz,  $C_c = 4$  pF. Calculate  $r_{b'e}$ ,  $r_{bb'}$ ,  $f_{\beta}$ ,  $f_T$  and  $C_e$ .
- Q4. A germanium pnp transistor operating in the active region has base width of

 $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$  cm. At room temperature (300 K) and for dc emitter current of 4 mA find (a) the emitter junction diffusion capacitance  $C_{De}$  and (b) frequency  $f_T$ . Given that the diffusion constant  $D_B$  for holes in n-type base region is 50 cm<sup>2</sup>/second.

- Q5. When a step input of amplitude V is applied to a low pass RC circuit. What will be the ouput voltage? Draw it. Also discuss the rise time in terms of  $f_H$  (upper 3 dB frequency).
- Q6. When a step input of amplitude V is applied to high pass RC circuit. What will be the ouput voltage? Draw it. Also discuss the tilt or sag in terms of  $f_L$  (lower 3 dB frequency).